

Setting some parameters

```
In[472]:= ClearAll[R, Mn, Edeut, Vzero]
          ε = N[10-4];
          hbarc = 198;
          R = 1.93 / hbarc;
          Mn = 940.;
          Edeut = 2.225;
```

Solving transcendental equation to get the square well height in MeV

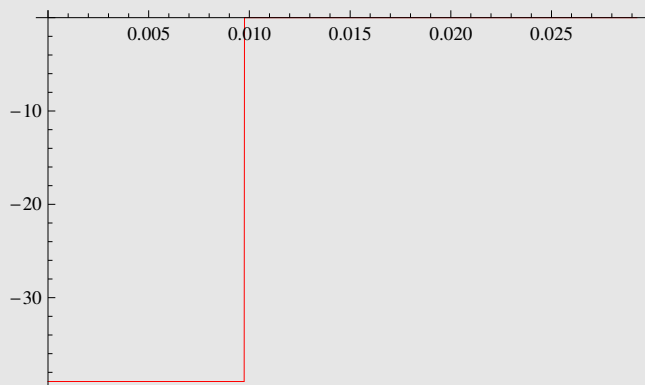
```
In[478]:= Vzero = Vzero /. FindRoot [
          Cot [√Mn (Vzero - Edeut) R] == -√ $\frac{Edeut}{Vzero - Edeut}$ , {Vzero, 20}]
```

```
Out[478]= 38.9882
```

Defining the square well potential

```
In[479]:= Vtotal[r_] = If[r < R, -Vzero, 0];
          potplot = Plot[Vtotal[r], {r, 0, 3 R}, PlotStyle → Red]
```

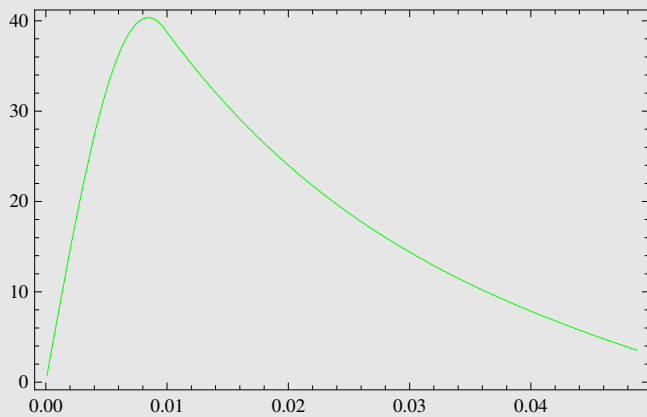
```
Out[480]=
```



Solving the Schrodinger equation numerically for the bound state

```
In[496]:= normali = 0.75 104;  
(* Normalization factor for the wavefunction *)  
crap = NDSolve[{{(- 1/Mn u''[r] + (Vtotal[r] + Edeut) u[r]) == 0,  
  u[ε] == ε, u'[ε] == 1}, u, {r, ε, 5 R}];  
BSplot = Plot[Evaluate[normali (u[r] /. crap)],  
  {r, ε, 5 R}, Frame → True, PlotStyle → Green]
```

Out[497]=



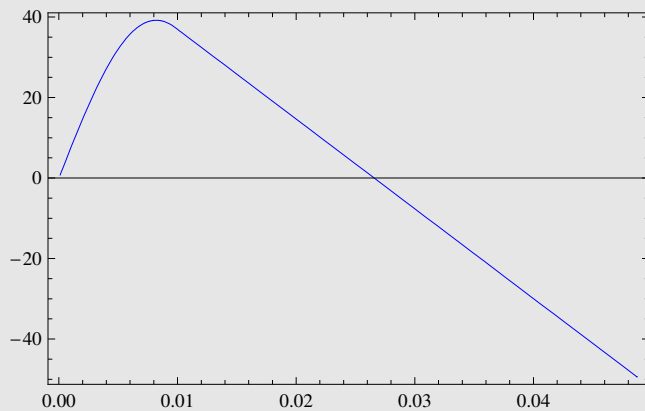
Scattering states: Finding the scattering length

Let's first plot the wavefunction at zero energy

In[489]:=

```
k = 0;
normali = 0.75 104;
(* Normalization factor for the wavefunction *)
crap = NDSolve[{{(-1/Mn u''[r] + (Vtotal[r] - k2) u[r]) == 0,
  u[ε] == ε, u'[ε] == 1}, u, {r, ε, 20 R}];
scattplot = Plot[Evaluate[normali (u[r] /. crap)],
  {r, ε, 5 R}, Frame → True, PlotStyle → Blue]
```

Out[491]=



Now let's get the scattering length using method described in class

In[492]:=

```
ClearAll[crapA, rtest, Deriv, atest, ascatt];
ascatt := Module[{atest},
  crapA = NDSolve[{{(-1/Mn u''[r] + Vtotal[r] u[r]) == 0,
    u[ε] == ε, u'[ε] == 1}, u, {r, ε, 20 R}];
  rtest = 4 R;
  Deriv = D[(u[r] /. crapA), r] /. r → rtest;
  atest = (rtest - ((u[r] /. crapA) /. r → rtest) / Deriv)]
```

Recall that experimentally $a = 5.4$ fm

In[494]:=

```
ascatt[[1]] hbarc
```

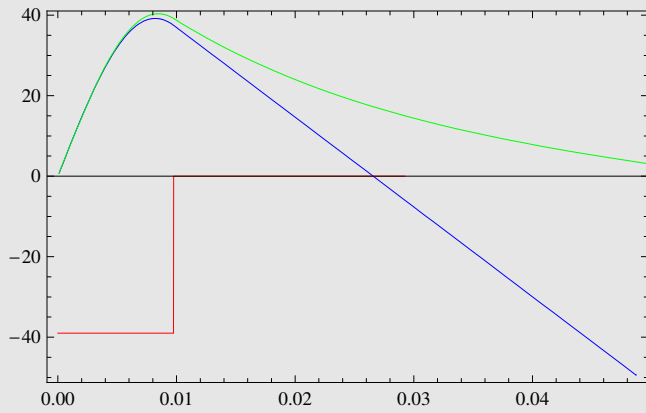
Out[494]=

5.26039

Combined plot

```
In[495]:= Show[scattplot, BSplot, potplot]
```

```
Out[495]=
```



The nucleons in the deuteron live most of the time outside of the range of the potential that binds them!